EMBARGOED

until June 15, 2016 10:00 am PST when it will be published at www.erfc.wa.gov

Revenue Review Meeting June 15, 2016





AGENDA

REVENUE REVIEW MEETING

June 15, 2016 10:00 a.m.

- Call to order
- Approval meeting minutes from June 1, 2016
- Economic & Revenue Forecast
- Adoption of the Official Forecast





STATE OF WASHINGTON

ECONOMIC AND REVENUE FORECAST COUNCIL

Capitol Plaza Building, PO Box 40912

Olympia, Washington 98504-0912

(360) 534-1560

Meeting Minutes Economic Review

June 1, 2016 John L. O'Brien, Hearing Room D

Economic and Revenue Forecast Council Members

Andy Hill, Senate, Chair (via phone) James McIntire, Treasurer Timm Ormsby, House of Representatives (via phone) Terry Nealey, House of Representatives (via phone) David Schumacher, Office of Financial Management Vikki Smith, Department of Revenue (via phone)

Staff

Steve Lerch, Executive Director, **ERFC**

Call to Order

The meeting was called to order by Director Schumacher at 2:32 p.m.

Senator Hill made a motion to approve the meeting minutes from the February 17, 2016 meeting, seconded by Director Schumacher. Council approved the motion at 2:33 p.m.

Motion

Representative Ormsby made a motion to approve the meeting minutes from the May 18, 2016 meeting, seconded by Director Schumacher. Council approved the motion at 2:33 p.m.

Motion

Senator Hill made a motion to approve Steve Lerch's employment contract as proposed, seconded by Treasurer McIntire. With six affirmative votes, the Council approved the motion at 2:36 p.m.

Presentation on the Economic Forecast

Dr. Lerch presented information on the economic forecast. Dr. Lerch summarized the forecast changes and provided background information on both the U.S. and Washington economies. Discussion ensued regarding commercial real estate activity, the exclusion of potential recessions through the forecast period of 2021, regional employment, and tax sources that have been strong in the past few months.

Adjournment

Meeting adjourned at 2:54 p.m.



Economic & Revenue Forecast Council State of Washington

Economic & Revenue Review: June 15, 2016

Executive Summary



United States

- The final U.S. economic forecast is based on the June release of the Global Insight forecast. Global Insight is now assuming that the Federal Reserve will raise the Federal funds only once this year (rather than twice, as assumed in February and in the preliminary June forecast). The rate change is assumed to be an increase of 0.25%.
- The June Blue Chip forecast of real GDP growth was unavailable for our final economic forecast, so we continue to utilize the May Blue Chip forecast which assumed a 1.8% real GDP growth for 2016. This is down from the 2.1% rate assumed in the February forecast. For the remainder of the forecast period, real GDP is slightly lower than expected in February; by 2021 we expect GDP to be 0.8% lower than the February forecast.
- Our oil price forecast continues to rely on the futures markets, primarily the Brent (North Sea) oil price but also the West Texas Intermediate (WTI) benchmark. This forecast was based on the Tuesday, June 7, 2016 closing prices for Brent and WTI futures. Futures prices for both have increased since the February forecast. The price of U.S. benchmark West Texas Intermediate crude oil in 2016 is expected to average \$46 per barrel, up from \$35 in the February forecast. Oil prices are expected to gradually rise to \$57 per barrel by the end of 2021.
- After falling in April, two key indicators of consumer optimism moved in opposite directions in May. The University of Michigan index of consumer sentiment rose 5.7 points to 94.7, while the Conference Board index of consumer confidence decreased 2.1 points to 92.6. The Conference Board survey noted consumer concerns about current economic conditions, while the increase in the University of Michigan index was attributed to positive consumer views on jobs and income. The preliminary June reading for the University of Michigan index dropped slightly from 94.7 to 94.3.
- Home sales were strong this month and residential construction activity improved. April housing starts increased by 6.6% (SA) compared to March but were 1.7% below their April 2015 level. Housing units authorized by building permits in April increased by 3.6% (SA) over March; building permits were 5.3% below their April 2015 level. Existing home sales increased in April by 1.7% (SA) compared to March. New single-family home sales in April were very strong, increasing by 16.6% (SA) above their March level. The seasonally adjusted Case-Shiller national home price index for March was 0.1% above its February level and 5.1% above its year-ago level.

Factors inside and outside the state account for the high level of risk to the forecast. A slowing global economy, the negative impact of a stronger dollar on exports, weaker manufacturing activity and volatile stock markets all remain major threats to the U.S. and Washington economies. Lower unemployment rates, rising wages and a stronger housing market suggest potential upside risks to the forecast.

Washington

- We have four months of new Washington employment data since the February forecast was released. Total nonfarm payroll employment rose 20,200 (seasonally adjusted) in February, March, April, and May which was 2,800 more than the 17,400 expected in the February forecast. The construction sector more than accounted for the variance in job growth, adding 2,400 jobs in the four-month period; the February forecast expected reduction of 1,300 jobs. Manufacturing employment declined 2,400 of which 1,700 were in the aerospace sector. As is usually the case, the bulk of the job growth was in private, service-providing sectors which added 15,300 jobs in the last four months. Government payrolls also expanded by 5,000 jobs in February, March, April, and May.
- We have also incorporated another quarter of benchmark employment data from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW). The new QCEW data and other revisions lowered the estimated level of total employment in January 2016 by 5,900 jobs. As a result of the downward revision to history but stronger-than-expected growth, the net effect is 3,100 (0.1%) fewer jobs in May 2016 than expected in the February forecast.
- We have revised the aerospace employment forecast to reflect Boeing's stated intention to reduce its commercial airplane division employment by 4,000 by the middle of the year. We expect the vast majority of the job cuts will be in the Puget Sound region. This implies a steeper decline in the near term than assumed in February. In the second half of 2016 through 2019 we expect a gradual decline in aerospace employment similar to the assumption made in February. We project no change in aerospace employment in the final two years of the forecast.
- In March, the Bureau of Economic Analysis released estimates for state personal income through the fourth quarter of 2015. We have incorporated the new BEA estimates as well as additional Washington Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) and other wage data also through the fourth quarter. Our current estimate of Washington personal income in the fourth quarter of 2015 is \$372.0 billion which is \$2.9 billion (0.8%) lower than assumed in the February forecast. Of the \$2.9 billion variance, \$1.8 billion is due to lower than previously expected transfer payments as the BEA reduced its estimates of Medicaid benefits in the state. Most of the rest (\$0.8 billion) was due to lower than expected wages and salaries.
- Washington housing permits declined slightly to 37,600 units (SAAR) in the first quarter of 2016 from a revised 38,000 units in the fourth quarter of 2015. The February forecast projected 37,400 units in the first quarter. The number of single-family units averaged 22,300 in the first quarter of 2016, the highest rate since the fourth quarter of 2007 and 1,900 higher than the 20,400 expected in the forecast. However, the number of multi-family units averaged 15,300 in the first quarter which was 1,700 below the 17,000

expected in the forecast. The estimates for all four quarters of 2015 have been adjusted to reflect the final annual estimate from the Census Bureau. The second quarter of 2016 got off to a very strong start with 49,300 units (SAAR) permitted in April of which 22,800 were single family and 26,500 were multi-family.

- Seattle home prices continue to rise rapidly and now exceed the 2007 peak. According to the S&P/Case-Shiller Home Price Indices, seasonally adjusted Seattle area home prices rose 1.0% in March and are up 10.8% over the previous March. Seattle home prices are up 48.2% since the November 2011 trough and now exceed the May 2007 peak by 2.9%.
- Seattle area consumer price inflation is well above the national average. Over the last year, from April 2015 to April 2016, consumer prices in the Seattle area rose 2.5% compared to 1.1% for the U.S. city average. Core prices, which exclude food and energy, were up 3.3% in Seattle compared to 2.1% for the nation. The higher Seattle inflation is largely due to more rapid growth in shelter costs. During the year, shelter costs in Seattle rose 5.8% compared to 3.2% for the nation. However, even with shelter excluded, Seattle inflation was higher at +0.7% compared to -0.1% for the nation.
- The Institute of Supply Management Western Washington Index (ISM-WW) dipped into negative territory in May for the first time since October 2015. The index, which measures conditions in the manufacturing sector, declined to 49.2 in May from 50.8 in April (index values above 50 indicate positive growth while values below 50 indicate contraction). The production, orders, and deliveries components all declined in May, the employment component was unchanged, and the inventory component increased.
- Washington car and truck sales increased in May after three consecutive monthly declines but remain below their recent peak. Seasonally adjusted new vehicle registrations rose 3.2% in May but are still 10.6% below the January peak. May 2016 registrations are 3.8% higher than in May 2015, however.
- First quarter 2016 exports were down 15.6% from the first quarter of 2015. Transportation equipment exports (mostly Boeing planes) declined 17.4% over the year. Exports other than transportation equipment were 12.8% lower than a year ago. As of the first quarter of 2016, seasonally adjusted Washington exports were down 17.9% from the fourth quarter 2014 peak. The drop likely reflects the negative influence of a stronger dollar and weak economic growth abroad.
- Washington employment is expected to grow 2.4% this year, up from 2.0% in the February forecast due mainly to the strong job growth in the first quarter. As in February, we expect growth to gradually decelerate as the recovery matures. We expect employment growth to average 1.3% per year in 2017 through 2021 which is slightly higher than the 1.2% rate assumed in February. Our preliminary June forecast for nominal personal income growth this year is 4.1%, down slightly from 4.2% in the February forecast. Our new forecast for nominal personal income growth in 2017 through 2021 averages 5.0% per year, up from 4.8% in the February forecast. The higher nominal personal income growth expected in 2017 through 2021 is due to higher inflation.

Revenue

- Cumulative General Fund-State (GF-S) revenue collections from February 11 through June 10, 2016 were \$218 million (3.8%) higher than forecasted in February.
- Most of the extra revenue came from Revenue Act collections from the last two months, particularly sales tax collections. It is too soon to know whether the large increase in activity is temporary or will carry on into future months. The forecast assumes a modest increase in activity, driven mainly by an increase in forecasted residential construction.
- Cumulative real estate excise taxes (REET) came in \$70.3 million (33.2%) higher than forecasted. Over a third of the surplus collections occurred in February, due to a spike in sales of large commercial properties. Large commercial sales continued above forecasted levels. Residential sales have also been stronger than forecasted, driven by increases in price more than increases in the number of sales. While the forecasted volume of large commercial sales is expected to diminish, other sales are expected to increase, resulting in an increase in forecasted REET collections.
- Forecasted revenue for the current (2015-17) biennium was increased by \$294 million. Forecasted increases in retail sales and REET collections were partially offset by a decrease in actual and forecasted insurance premium taxes.
- Forecasted GF-S revenue for the 2015-17 biennium is now \$37.431 billion, an increase of 11.2% above that of the 2013-15 biennium.
- Forecasted revenue for the 2017-19 biennium was increased by \$126 million. As in the current biennium, most of the increase was from retail sales taxes and REET. Forecasted property tax receipts also increased due to forecasted inflation of greater than one percent in the second quarter of 2016, which increased the allowed 2017 levy and all future levies (the state levy is only allowed to increase by 1% per year or the rate of second quarter inflation, whichever is less). These increases were partially offset by a decrease in forecasted insurance premium taxes.
- Forecasted GF-S revenue for the 2017-19 biennium is now \$40.252 billion, 7.5% more than that of the 2015-17 biennium.
- Forecasted GF-S revenue for the 2019-21 biennium is \$43.575 billion, \$134 million more than projected in February. This is an 8.3% increase from forecasted 2017-19 biennial revenue.

Revenue Review

Presented to
The Economic & Revenue Forecast Council

Steve Lerch Executive Director

June 15, 2016 Olympia, Washington







Summary

- Since the February forecast, economic data have generally been a bit weaker than expected, while revenue collections have been stronger than expected
- The forecast now assumes the Federal Reserve will only increase interest rates once this year instead of twice as assumed in February
- Risks to the baseline include slowing economic growth in the U.S. and globally, impact of a stronger dollar on exports, and weaker manufacturing activity
- The GF-S revenue forecast has been increased by \$294 million for the 2015-17 biennium and increased by \$126 million for the 2017-19 biennium

Revenue Review June 15, 2016 Slide 1

WASHINGTON STATE ECONOMIC AND REVENUE FORECAST COUNCIL



New information since June preliminary economic forecast

U.S. GDP growth data and forecast

• 1st quarter 2016 increased from 0.5% to 0.8% (annual rate)

U.S. Employment data

- 38,000 net new jobs in May; March and April revised down by combined 59,000 jobs
- Unemployment rate decreased from 5.0% in April to 4.7% in May
- Labor force participation rate fell from 62.8% in April to 62.6% in May

Revenue Review June 15, 2016

WASHINGTON STATE ECONOMIC AND REVENUE FORECAST COUNCIL



Janet Yellen: U.S. economy – many uncertainties but expects expansion to continue

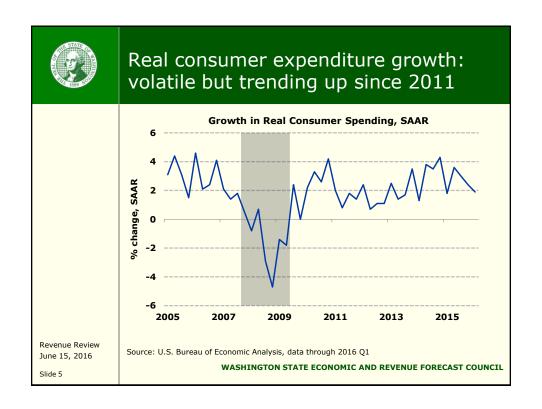
From a June 6th speech

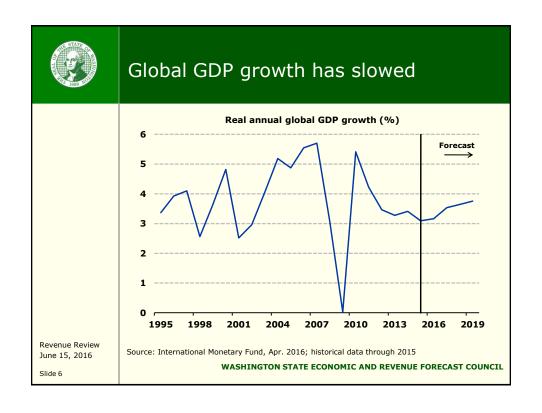
- Recent jobs market data: temporary slump or sign of slowing economy?
- Consumer spending: will domestic demand continue to be strong enough to sustain U.S. economic growth?
- Global pressures: while some overseas financial stresses have eased, concerns remain about China, U.K. vote on EU membership
- Weak productivity: labor productivity growth has been weak – will it rebound as business investment and R&D spending recover or are we in an extended period of slow productivity growth?
- Positives: despite recent weak data, jobs market has been improving; strong housing sector; rising household incomes

Revenue Review June 15, 2016 Slide 3

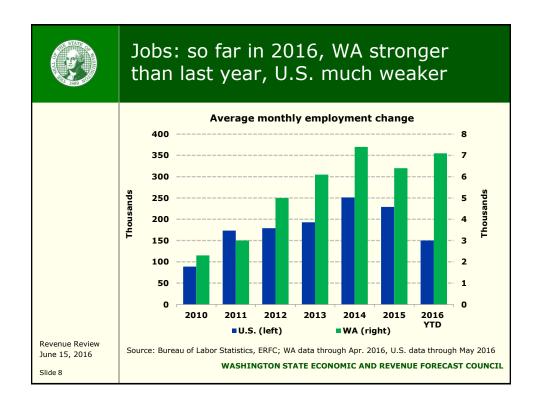
WASHINGTON STATE ECONOMIC AND REVENUE FORECAST COUNCIL

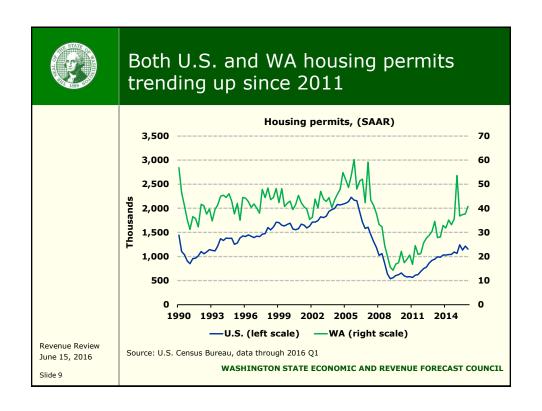


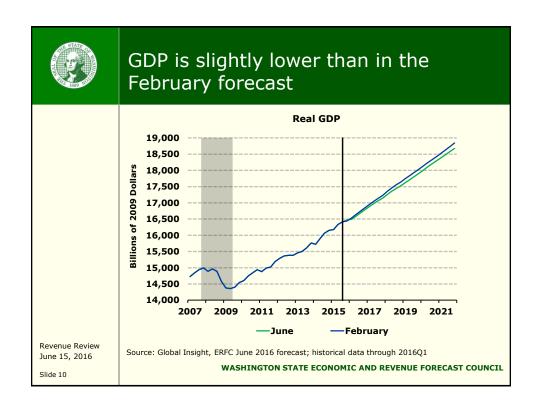


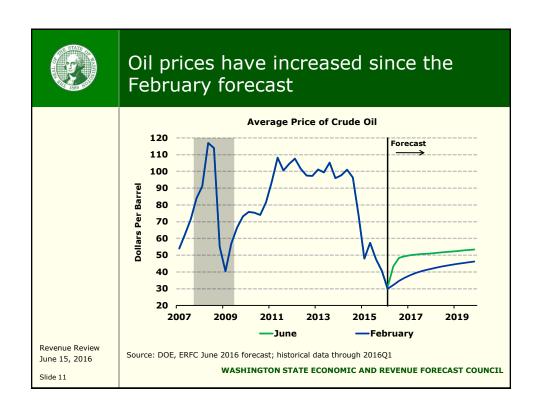


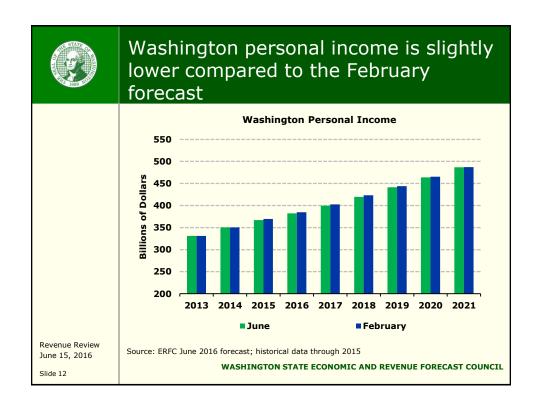


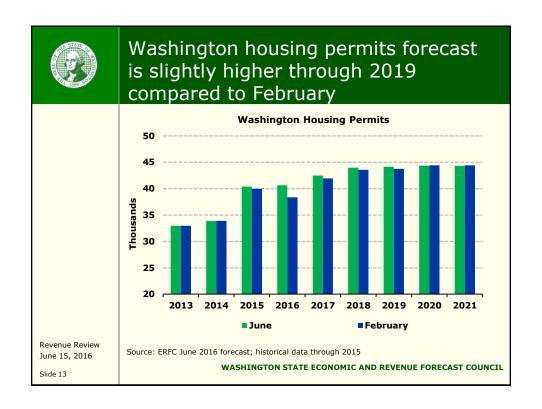


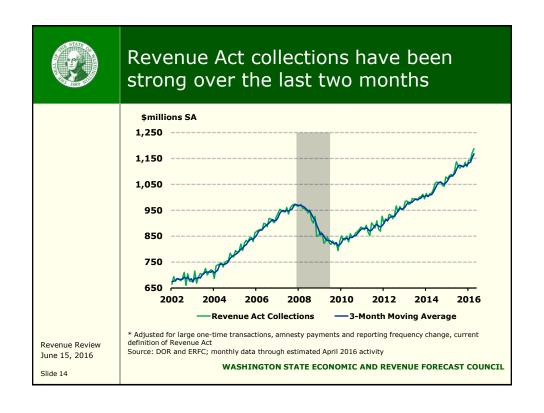


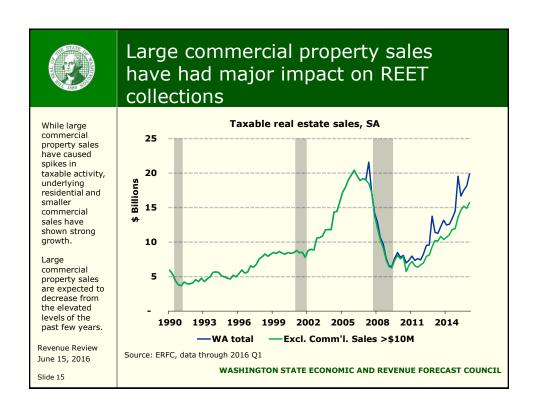












E	Cannabis excise tax and license fee estimates				
Total change from February forecast:	\$Millions	:	June Foreca	st	
•2015-17 +\$7.2 M		2013-15	2015-17	2017-19	
•2017-19 +\$2.1M	GF-S share of excise tax and license fees	\$15	\$136	\$224	
	Non-GF	\$52	\$304	\$469	
	Total	\$67	\$440	\$694	
Revenue Review June 15, 2016 Slide 16	* Detail may not add to total due to rou Source: ERFC, LCB, BOTEC Analysis WASHINGTO	-	OMIC AND REVE	NUE FORECAST (

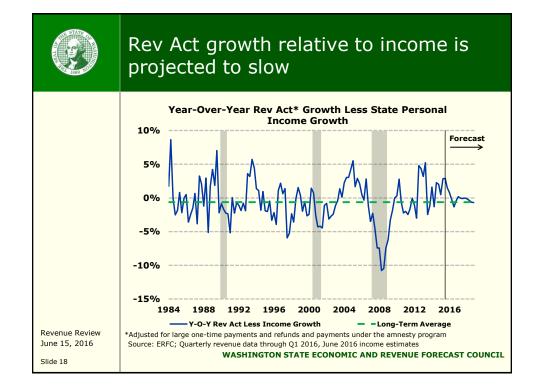


Factors affecting revenue forecast

- Strong sales of large commercial properties, rising home prices increase REET collections
- Slightly higher forecast for housing permits increases construction receipts
- Higher inflation results in stronger retail sales, B&O, property tax growth
- Higher oil, gas prices increase receipts from refineries, gas stations
- Slightly lower U.S., WA personal income forecast reduces consumer spending

Revenue Review June 15, 2016 Slide 17

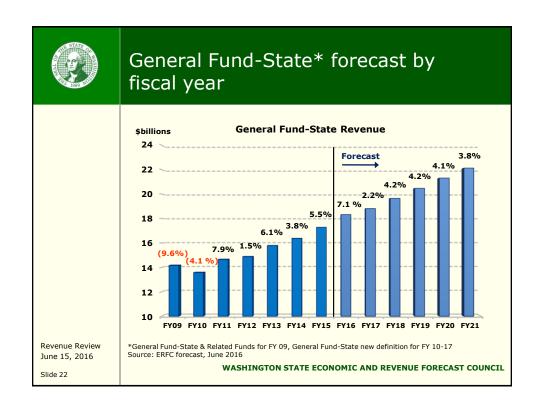
WASHINGTON STATE ECONOMIC AND REVENUE FORECAST COUNCIL

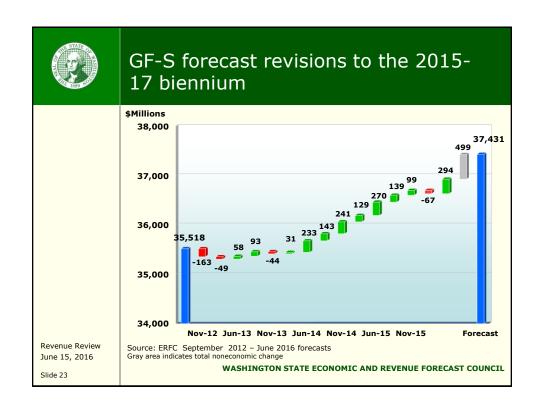


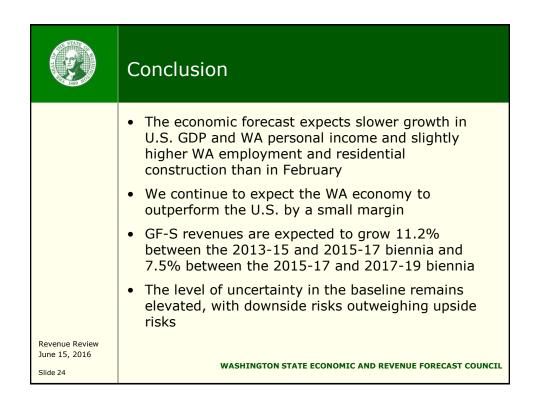
	Forecast changes: General Fund State, 2015-2017 Biennium					
February Forecast:	\$Millions			June F	orecast	
\$37,137 million	Dept. of Revenue All other agencies Total GF-S	Collection Experience \$217 \$1 \$218	Non- economic Change (\$3) (\$2) (\$5)	Forecast Change \$113 (\$33)	Forecast \$35,565 \$1,866 \$37,431	Total Change* \$328 (\$34)
Revenue Review June 15, 2016 Slide 19	* Detail may not ad		5	NOMIC AND	REVENUE FOR	ECAST COUNCIL

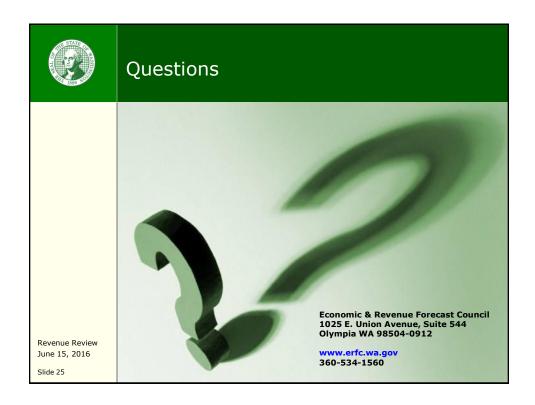
STATE OF THE PARTY	2015-17 Biennium alternative forecasts – cash basis				
	\$Millions	2015-17 Biennium	Difference From the baseline		
	June 2016 Baseline (55%)	\$37,431			
	June 2016 Alternative Forecasts				
	Optimistic (15%)	\$38,703	\$1,273		
	Pessimistic (30%)	\$36,202	(\$1,229)		
	Probability Weighted Average	\$37,253	(\$178)		
	GCEA*	\$37,328	(\$103)		
Revenue Review June 15, 2016	*Based on the Governor's Council of Economic Advisors	•			
Slide 20	WASHINGTON STATE ECO	NOMIC AND REVENU	E FORECAST COUNC		

	Forecast changes: General Fund State, 2017-2019 Biennium					
February Forecast:	\$Millions		June I	orecast		
\$40,125 million		Non- economic Change	<u>Forecast</u> <u>Change</u>	<u>Forecast</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>Change</u> *	
	Dept. of Revenue	(\$8)	\$188	\$38,162	\$181	
	All other agencies	(\$1)	(\$53)	\$2,090	(\$54)	
	Total GF-S	(\$9)	\$135	\$40,252	\$126	
evenue Review ne 15, 2016	* Detail may not add	* Detail may not add to total due to rounding WASHINGTON STATE ECONOMIC AND REVENUE FORECAST COU				
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Changes to the General Fund-State Cash Forecast-by Agency

Comparison of the June 2016 to the February 2016 Forecast 2015-17 Biennium Millions of Dollars

	February 2016 <u>Forecast*</u>	Collection Experience	Non-economic <u>Changes**</u>	Forecast <u>Change</u>	June 2016 <u>Forecast</u>	Total <u>Change[#]</u>
Department of Revenue	\$35,237.6	\$216.7	(\$2.5)	\$113.2	\$35,565.0	\$327.5
All other Agencies	\$1,899.7	\$1.2	(\$2.1)	(\$33.1)	\$1,865.8	(\$33.9)
Total General Fund-State	\$37,137.3	\$217.9	(\$4.6)	\$80.2	\$37,430.8	\$293.5

^{*}Forecast for GF-S for the 2015-17 biennium adopted February 17, 2016

^{**}Legislative and budget-driven revenue changes from the 2016 regular and special legislative sessions plus \$3.3 million AG settlement

^{*}Details may not add due to rounding

Total Changes to General Fund-State, Education Legacy Trust Account and Washington Opportunity Pathways Account Forecasts

Comparison of the June 2016 to the February 2016 Forecast 2015-17 Biennium

Cash Forecast; Millions of Dollars

	February 2016 <u>Forecast*</u>	Non-economic <u>Changes**</u>	Forecast <u>Change</u>	June 2016 <u>Forecast</u>	Total <u>Change[#]</u>
General Fund-State	\$37,137.3	(\$4.6)	\$298.1	\$37,430.8	\$293.5
Education Legacy Trust Account	\$437.4	\$0.0	\$12.7	\$450.1	\$12.7
WA Opportunity Pathways Account	\$262.7	\$0.1	\$2.0	\$264.8	\$2.0
Total	\$37,837.4	(\$4.5)	\$312.7	\$38,145.7	\$308.3

^{*}Forecast for GF-S for the 2015-17 biennium adopted February 17, 2016

^{**}Legislative and budget-driven revenue changes from the 2016 regular and special legislative sessions

^{*}Details may not add due to rounding

Total Changes to General Fund-State, Education Legacy Trust Account and Washington Opportunity Pathways Account Forecasts

Comparison of the June 2016 to the February 2016 Forecast 2017-19 Biennium

Cash Forecast; Millions of Dollars

	February 2016 <u>Forecast*</u>	Non-economic <u>Changes**</u>	Forecast <u>Change</u>	June 2016 <u>Forecast</u>	Total <u>Change[#]</u>
General Fund-State	\$40,125.3	(\$9.0)	\$135.4	\$40,251.6	\$126.4
Education Legacy Trust Account	\$513.5	\$0.0	(\$0.8)	\$512.8	(\$0.8)
WA Opportunity Pathways Account	\$253.0	\$0.0	\$1.0	\$254.0	\$1.0
Total	\$40,891.8	(\$9.0)	\$135.6	\$41,018.4	\$126.6

^{*}Forecast for GF-S for the 2017-19 biennium adopted February 17, 2016

^{**}Legislative revenue changes from the 2016 regular and special legislative sessions

^{*}Details may not add due to rounding

Track Record for the 2015-17 General Fund-State Cash Forecast

September 2012 through June 2016 Cash Basis - Millions of Dollars

<u>Date of Forecast</u>	Department of Revenue*	Other <u>Agencies</u>	Subtotal*	Non- Economic <u>Changes</u> **	Total <u>Change</u>	Total General Fund-State <u>Cash Basis</u>
September 2012 #	\$34,102	\$1,416				\$35,518
Changes to Forecast						
November 2012	(196)	33	(163)	0	(163)	35,355
March 2013	(92)	44	(49)	0	(49)	35,306
June 2013	56	2	58	(7)	^{#1} 51	35,357
September 2013	95	(2)	93	249	^{#2} 342	35,699
November 2013	(47)	3	(44)	(41)	^{#3} (85)	35,615
February 2014	5	26	31	51	^{#4} 82	35,697
June 2014	194	40	233	5	^{#5} 238	35,935
September 2014	168	(25)	143	0	143	36,078
November 2014	239	3	241	0	241	36,319
February 2015	108	22	129	0	129	36,449
June 2015	201	70	270	39	^{#6} 309	36,758
September 2015	80	60	139	193	^{#7} 333	37,091
November 2015	107	(8)	99	15	^{#8} 113	37,204
February 2016	(101)	33	(67)	0	(67)	37,137
June 2016	330	(32)	298	(5)	^{#9} 294	37,431
Total change***:						
From September 2012	1,146 3.4	267	1,413	499	1,912	
Percent change	3.4	18.9	4.0	1.4	5.4	

Track Record for the 2017-19 General Fund-State Cash Forecast

February 2014 through June 2016 Cash Basis - Millions of Dollars

Date of Forecast	Department of Revenue*	Other <u>Agencies</u>	Subtotal*	Non- Economic <u>Changes</u> **	Total <u>Change</u>	Total General Fund-State <u>Cash Basis</u>
February 2014 **	\$36,887	\$1,823				\$38,710
Changes to Forecast						
June 2014	265	50	315	(1) #5	313	39,023
September 2014	227	(63)	164	0	164	39,188
November 2014	388	26	415	0	415	39,602
February 2015	126	28	154	0	154	39,757
June 2015	257	64	321	122 #6	443	40,200
September 2015	4	47	52	286 #7	338	40,538
November 2015	35	(5)	30	0	30	40,567
February 2016	(449)	7	(442)	0	(442)	40,125
June 2016	188	(53)	135	(9) #10	126	40,252
Total change***:						
From February 2014	1,043	101	1,144	398	1,542	
Percent change	2.8	5.5	3.0	1.0	4.0	

st Excludes legislative, judicial, statutorily required or other major non-economic changes.

^{**} Includes legislative, judicial, statutorily required or other major non-economic changes.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{***}}$ Detail may not add to total due to rounding.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{\sharp}}$ First official forecast for the 2015-17 biennium.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{\#\#}}$ First official forecast for the 2017-19 biennium.

^{#1} Transfer of GF-S funds to Child and Family Reinvestment Account

^{#2} Legislative and budget-driven revenue changes from 2013 second special session

^{#3} Re-classification of prior period adjustments as non-revenue resources, tobacco settlement arbitration payment to state.

^{#4} Cannabis excise taxes and fees plus retail sales and B&O taxes on cannabis production and sales resulting from Initiative 502

^{#5} Sum of legislative and budget-driven revenue changes from the 2014 regular legislative session

^{#6} Legislative revenue changes from 2015 regular legislative session

^{#7} Legislative and budget driven revenue changes from 2015 special legislative sessions

^{#8} Sum of large expected audit payments

^{#9} Legislative and budget-driven revenue changes from the 2016 regular and first special legislative sessions plus \$3.3 million AG settlement

^{#10} Legislative revenue changes from the 2016 regular and first special legislative sessions

Analysis for the Major Sources Based on Taxable Activity Revenue Act Sources June 2016 Baseline Forecast

	Percenta	ge Change	Personal Income
Source/Fiscal Year	Tax Base Adjusted*	Personal Income ¹	Elasticity**
I. Retail Sales			
2000	8.0	8.2	1.0
2001	2.8	4.0	0.7
2002	(1.4)	1.6	(0.9)
2003	2.1	3.3	0.6
2004	4.6	4.7	1.0
2005	7.9	5.3	1.5
2006	10.1	8.0	1.3
2007	7.9	7.9	1.0
2008	2.7	8.1	0.3
2009	(10.4)	(0.1)	91.7
2010	(5.4)	(1.4)	3.9
2011	1.8	4.9	0.4
2012	4.1	6.2	0.7
2013	6.7	4.6	1.5
2014	5.8	3.0	1.9
2015	8.1	5.7	1.4
2016	7.1	4.3	1.6
2017	3.4	4.2	0.8
2018	4.6	4.8	1.0
2019	4.4	5.1	0.9
2020	4.3	5.2	0.8
2021	4.0	5.0	0.8
Average 2000-201	5: 3.0	4.3	0.7
II. Business & Occupation	1		
2000	5.6	8.2	0.7
2001	3.0	4.0	0.7
2002	(3.5)	1.6	(2.3)
2003	(1.6)	3.3	(0.5)
2004	6.8	4.7	1.4
2005	9.7	5.3	1.8
2006	11.2	8.0	1.4
2007	8.3	7.9	1.0
2008	6.9	8.1	0.8
2009	(8.8)	(0.1)	77.8
2010	(2.9)	(1.4)	2.1
2011	4.6	4.9	0.9
2012	8.0	6.2	1.3
2013	6.5	4.6	1.4
2014	5.4	3.0	1.8
2015	5.4	5.7	0.9
2016	2.4	4.3	0.5
2017	5.2	4.2	1.2
2018	5.4	4.8	1.1
2019	5.2	5.1	1.0
2020	4.9	5.2	0.9
2021	4.4	5.0	0.9
Average 1998-201	5: 3.8	4.3	0.9

Based on constant base taxable data.
 Percent changes in taxable activity divided by percent change in personal income.
 Income adjusted to exclude special dividend payment in fy 05.

Analysis for the Major Sources Based on Taxable Activity

Revenue Act Sources June 2016 Baseline Forecast

		Percentag	je Change	Personal Income
Sourc	ce/Fiscal Year	Tax Base Adjusted*	Personal Income ¹	Elasticity**
III.	Use			
	2000	14.4	8.2	1.8
	2001	8.4	4.0	2.1
	2002	(5.8)	1.6	(3.7)
	2003	(1.4)	3.3	(0.4)
	2004	5.6	4.7	1.2
	2005	14.0	5.3	2.6
	2006	2.3	8.0	0.3
	2007	9.0	7.9	1.1
	2008	2.1	8.1	0.3
	2009	(13.0)	(0.1)	115.4
	2010	(5.9)	(1.4)	4.2
	2011	11.4	4.9	2.3
	2012	1.9	6.2	0.3
	2013	7.4	4.6	1.6
	2014	9.7	3.0	3.2
	2015	8.9	5.7	1.6
	2016	2.6	4.3	0.6
	2017	2.0	4.2	0.5
	2018	4.8	4.8	1.0
	2019	4.6	5.1	0.9
	2020	4.0	5.2	0.8
	2021	3.8	5.0	0.8
	Average 1998-2015:	3.4	4.3	0.8

Total Revenue Act Receipts

June 2016 Baseline Forecast

			ige Change	Personal Income
Source/Fise	cal Year	Tax Receipts#	Personal Income ¹	Elasticity ^{##}
Revenue A	ct 2000	7.4	8.2	0.9
	2001	3.9	4.0	1.0
	2002	(1.7)	1.6	(1.1)
	2003	1.0	3.3	0.3
	2004	4.8	4.7	1.0
	2005	7.6	5.3	1.4
	2006	10.6	8.0	1.3
	2007	8.3	7.9	1.0
	2008	4.2	8.1	0.5
	2009	(9.5)	(0.1)	84.2
	2010	(5.3)	(1.4)	3.8
	2011	8.1	4.9	1.7
	2012	1.3	6.2	0.2
	2013	5.9	4.6	1.3
	2014	4.6	3.0	1.5
	2015	5.6	5.7	1.0
	2016	8.0	4.3	1.8
	2017	3.2	4.2	0.8
	2018	4.8	4.8	1.0
	2019	4.7	5.1	0.9
	2020	4.6	5.2	0.9
	2021	4.3	5.0	0.9
Av	erage 1998-2015:	3.5	4.3	0.8

^{*} Based on constant base taxable data.

Percent changes in taxable activity divided by percent change in personal income.

Post-ESSB 5073 definition of Revenue Act

Percent changes in tax receipts divided by percent change in personal income.
 Income adjusted to exclude special dividend payment in fy 05.

General Fund-State, Education Legacy Trust Account and Opportunity Pathways AccountHistory and Forecast by Fiscal Year (Cash basis) June 2016 - Millions of Dollars

							WA Op	portunity		
	General Fund	-State (GF-S)	Education	n Legacy	Total	GF-S		s Account	Total GF	-S plus
		defintion)		nd* (ELTA)	plus	ELTA		PA)	ELTA ar	
	Level	% Chg.	Level	% Chg.	Level	% Chg.	Level	% Chg.	Level	% Chg.
History:		_		_		_		_		_
FY 1997	\$9,449	5.8%			\$9,449	5.8%			\$9,449	5.8%
FY 1998	\$10,057	6.4%			\$10,057	6.4%			\$10,057	6.4%
FY 1999	\$10,414	3.6%			\$10,414	3.6%			\$10,414	3.6%
FY 2000	\$11,068	6.3%			\$11,068	6.3%			\$11,068	6.3%
FY 2001	\$11,560	4.4%			\$11,560	4.4%			\$11,560	4.4%
FY 2002	\$11,632	0.6%			\$11,632	0.6%			\$11,632	0.6%
FY 2003	\$11,721	0.8%			\$11,721	0.8%			\$11,721	0.8%
FY 2004	\$12,358	5.4%			\$12,358	5.4%			\$12,358	5.4%
FY 2005	\$13,036	5.5%			\$13,036	5.5%			\$13,036	5.5%
FY 2006	\$14,318	9.8%	\$115		\$14,432	10.7%			\$14,432	10.7%
FY 2007	\$15,467	8.0%	\$266	132.2%	\$15,734	9.0%			\$15,734	9.0%
FY 2008	\$15,659	1.2%	\$213	-20.1%	\$15,872	0.9%			\$15,872	0.9%
FY 2009	\$14,158	-9.6%	\$224	5.4%	\$14,382	-9.4%			\$14,382	-9.4%
FY 2010	\$13,571	-4.1%	\$157	-29.9%	\$13,728	-4.6%			\$13,728	-4.6%
FY 2011	\$14,648	7.9%	\$112	-29.0%	\$14,759	7.5%	\$99		\$14,859	8.2%
FY 2012	\$14,874	1.5%	\$114	2.3%	\$14,988	1.6%	\$118	19.1%	\$15,107	1.7%
FY 2013	\$15,783	6.1%	\$101	-11.5%	\$15,884	6.0%	\$126	5.9%	\$16,009	6.0%
FY 2014	\$16,383	3.8%	\$197	95.3%	\$16,580	4.4%	\$114	-9.4%	\$16,694	4.3%
FY 2015	\$17,283	5.5%	\$207	5.0%	\$17,491	5.5%	\$120	5.7%	\$17,611	5.5%
Forecast:										
FY 2016	\$18,514	7.1%	\$213	2.7%	\$18,727	7.1%	\$138	14.7%	\$18,865	7.1%
FY 2017	\$18,917	2.2%	\$237	11.5%	\$19,154	2.3%	\$127	-8.0%	\$19,281	2.2%
FY 2018	\$19,712	4.2%	\$243	2.2%	\$19,955	4.2%	\$128	1.0%	\$20,083	4.2%
FY 2019	\$20,540	4.2%	\$270	11.4%	\$20,810	4.3%	\$126	-1.7%	\$20,936	4.2%
FY 2020	\$21,377	4.1%	\$175	-35.4%	\$21,552	3.6%	\$126	0.0%	\$21,678	3.5%
FY 2021	\$22,198	3.8%	\$178	2.1%	\$22,376	3.8%	\$126	0.0%	\$22,502	3.8%
Biennial Tota	le									
<u>Dicimiai Tota</u>	<u></u>									
05-07 Bienni	um \$29,785	17.3%	\$381	NA	\$30,166	18.8%	\$0	NA	\$30,166	18.8%
07-09 Bienni		0.1%	\$437	14.8%	\$30,254	0.3%	\$0	NA	\$30,254	0.3%
09-11 Bienni		-5.4%	\$269	-38.5%	\$28,487	-5.8%	\$99	NA	\$28,586	-5.5%
11-13 Bienni	um \$30,657	8.6%	\$215	-19.9%	\$30,872	8.4%	\$244	145.2%	\$31,116	8.8%
13-15 Bienni	um \$33,666	9.8%	\$405	88.0%	\$34,071	10.4%	\$234	-4.1%	\$34,305	10.2%
15-17 Bienni		11.2%	\$450	11.2%	\$37,881	11.2%	\$265	13.2%	\$38,146	11.2%
17-19 Bienni		7.5%	\$513	13.9%	\$40,764	7.6%	\$254	-4.1%	\$41,018	7.5%
19-21 Bienni	um \$43,575	8.3%	\$353	-31.2%	\$43,928	7.8%	\$252	-0.8%	\$44,180	7.7%

^{*}Education legacy trust fund excluding FY 14 and FY 15 lottery fund transfers. Includes pension stabilization fund interest in FY 08 and FY 09.

Economic and Revenue Forecast Council

29

General Fund-State Cash Estimates - Other Agencies Comparison of the June 2016 and February 2016 forecasts

2015-17 Biennium (Amounts in Millions)

Source/Agency	February 2016 Baseline	Non-Economic Changes	Economic Changes	June 2016 Baseline	Total Changes
Department of Licensing					
Taxes and Fees	\$37.0	\$0.0	(\$0.6)	\$36.3	(\$0.6)
Insurance Commissioner Insurance Premiums	\$1,097.7	\$0.0	(\$43.5)	\$1,054.2	(\$43.5)
Liquor Control Board Taxes, Licenses, and Fees	\$346.1	(\$2.3)	\$9.8	\$353.6	\$7.5
Lottery Commission Lottery Revenue	\$32.0	\$0.0	(\$3.1)	\$28.9	(\$3.1)
State Treasurer Interest Earnings	\$12.7	\$0.0	\$0.1	\$12.8	\$0.1
Office of Financial Management Other Agencies	\$214.4	\$0.2	\$6.7	\$221.3	\$6.9
Administrative Office of the Courts Fines and Forfeitures	\$159.7	\$0.0	(\$1.1)	\$158.6	(\$1.1)
Total General Fund-State	\$1,899.7	(\$2.1)	(\$31.8)	\$1,865.8	(\$33.9)

General Fund-State GAAP Estimates - Other AgenciesComparison of the June 2016 and February 2016 forecasts 2015-17 Biennium
(Amounts in Millions)

Source/Agency	February 2016 Baseline	Non-Economic Changes	Economic Changes	June 2016 Baseline	Total Changes
Department of Licensing					
Taxes and Fees	\$37.0	\$0.0	(\$0.6)	\$36.3	(\$0.6)
Insurance Commissioner Insurance Premiums	\$1,097.7	\$0.0	(\$43.5)	\$1,054.2	(\$43.5)
Liquor Control Board Taxes, Licenses, and Fees	\$346.1	(\$2.3)	\$9.8	\$353.6	\$7.5
Lottery Commission Lottery Revenue	\$42.0	\$0.0	\$0.3	\$42.3	\$0.3
State Treasurer Interest Earnings	\$12.6	\$0.0	\$0.3	\$12.9	\$0.3
Office of Financial Management Other Agencies	\$214.4	\$0.2	\$6.7	\$221.3	\$6.9
Administrative Office of the Courts Fines and Forfeitures	\$159.7	\$0.0	(\$1.1)	\$158.6	(\$1.1)
Total General Fund-State	\$1,909.6	(\$2.1)	(\$28.2)	\$1,879.3	(\$30.3)

^{*} Detail may not total due to rounding.

General Fund-State Cash Estimates - Other AgenciesComparison of the June 2016 and February 2016 forecasts 2017-19 Biennium (Amounts in Millions)

Source/Agency	February 2016 Baseline	Non-Economic Changes	Economic Changes	June 2016 Baseline	Total Changes
Department of Licensing Taxes and Fees	\$37.1	\$0.0	(\$0.1)	\$37.0	(\$0.1)
Insurance Commissioner Insurance Premiums	\$1,184.1	\$0.0	(\$29.3)	\$1,154.8	(\$29.3)
Liquor Control Board Taxes, Licenses, and Fees	\$462.2	\$0.0	\$0.8	\$463.0	\$0.8
Lottery Commission Lottery Revenue	\$36.3	\$0.0	(\$2.3)	\$34.1	(\$2.3)
State Treasurer Interest Earnings	\$54.2	\$0.0	(\$23.5)	\$30.8	(\$23.5)
Office of Financial Management Other Agencies	\$203.9	(\$1.2)	\$6.3	\$209.0	\$5.1
Administrative Office of the Courts Fines and Forfeitures	\$166.2	\$0.0	(\$5.0)	\$161.2	(\$5.0)
Total General Fund-State	\$2,144.1	(\$1.2)	(\$53.0)	\$2,089.9	(\$54.1)

General Fund-State GAAP Estimates - Other AgenciesComparison of the June 2016 and February 2016 forecasts 2017-19 Biennium (Amounts in Millions)

Source/Agency	February 2016 Baseline	Non-Economic Changes	Economic Changes	June 2016 Baseline	Total Changes
Department of Licensing Taxes and Fees	\$37.1	\$0.0	(\$0.1)	\$37.0	(\$0.1)
Insurance Commissioner Insurance Premiums	\$1,184.1	\$0.0	(\$29.3)	\$1,154.8	(\$29.3)
Liquor Control Board Taxes, Licenses, and Fees	\$462.2	\$0.0	\$0.8	\$463.0	\$0.8
Lottery Commission Lottery Revenue	\$37.3	\$0.0	(\$0.7)	\$36.7	(\$0.7)
State Treasurer Interest Earnings	\$56.3	\$0.0	(\$24.1)	\$32.3	(\$24.1)
Office of Financial Management Other Agencies	\$203.9	(\$1.2)	\$6.3	\$209.0	\$5.1
Administrative Office of the Courts Fines and Forfeitures	\$166.2	\$0.0	(\$5.0)	\$161.2	(\$5.0)
Total General Fund-State	\$2,147.2	(\$1.2)	(\$52.0)	\$2,094.0	(\$53.1)

^{*} Detail may not total due to rounding.

Lottery transfers by fund

(cash basis, millions of dollars)

	Lottery: Total Transfers:*	General Fund	Mariners <u>Stadium</u>	Exhibition Center & <u>Stadium</u>	Student Achievement <u>Account</u>	School Construction <u>Account</u>	Problem Gambling <u>Account</u>	Economic Development <u>Account</u>	Opportunity Pathways <u>Account</u>	Veteran's VIP <u>Account</u>	Education Legacy Trust <u>Account</u>	Gambling Revolving <u>Account</u>
2004	113.3	0.0	4.0	7.3	76.5	25.5			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2005	112.2	4.3	4.2	7.6	0.0	96.2			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2003-05 Biennium	225.6	4.3	8.2	14.9	76.5	121.7			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2006	125.1	1.9	4.4	7.9	0.0	107.8	0.2	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2007	120.6	7.6	4.5	8.2	0.0	97.0	0.3	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2005-07 Biennium	245.7	9.5	8.9	16.1	0.0	204.8	0.4	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2008	124.1	0.0	4.7	8.5	0.0	106.9	0.3	3.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2009	122.2	11.1	4.9	8.9	0.0	94.4	0.2	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2007-09 Biennium	246.4	11.1	9.6	17.4	0.0	201.3	0.5	6.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2010	126.4	12.9	5.1	9.2	0.0	95.6	0.3	3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2011	137.2	8.6	5.3	9.6	0.0	9.4	0.3	4.5	99.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
2009-11 Biennium	263.6	21.5	10.4	18.8	0.0	105.0	0.5	7.9	99.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
2012	135.1	0.0	2.7	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	3.3	118.5	0.2	0.0	0.0
2013	139.7	0.0	0.0	10.4	0.0	0.0	0.3	3.5	125.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
2011-13 Biennium	274.8	0.0	2.7	20.4	0.0	0.0	0.6	6.9	244.0	0.2	0.0	0.0
2014	147.9	9.3	0.0	10.8	0.0	0.0	0.3	3.7	113.7	0.0	10.1	0.0
2015	143.1	0.6	0.0	11.2	0.0	0.0	0.3	4.7	120.2	0.0	6.1	0.0
2013-15 Biennium	291.0	9.9	0.0	22.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	8.4	233.9	0.0	16.1	0.0
2016	171.7	17.8	0.0	11.7	0.0	0.0	0.4	3.9	137.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
2017	154.8	11.1	0.0	12.2	0.0	0.0	0.3	3.8	126.9	0.0	0.0	0.5
2015-17 Biennium	326.5	28.9	0.0	23.8	0.0	0.0	0.7	7.7	264.8	0.0	0.0	0.5
2018	160.1	14.7	0.0	12.6	0.0	0.0	0.3	3.8	128.1	0.0	0.0	0.5
2019	163.0	19.3	0.0	13.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	3.8	125.9	0.0	0.0	0.5
2017-19 Biennium	323.1	34.1	0.0	25.8	0.0	0.0	0.7	7.6	254.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
2020	165.6	21.4	0.0	13.7	0.0	0.0	0.3	3.8	125.9	0.0	0.0	0.5
2021	167.5	22.7	0.0	14.2	0.0	0.0	0.3	3.8	125.9	0.0	0.0	0.5
2019-21 Biennium	333.1	44.1	0.0	27.9	0.0	0.0	0.7	7.6	251.9	0.0	0.0	1.0

^{*} Total Transfers are equal to total sales less total expenses (prizes, cost of sales, administration etc.)

Source: Lottery Commission, ERFC

Lottery transfers by fund

(gaap basis, millions of dollars)

	Lottery: Total Transfers:*	General Fund	Mariners <u>Stadium</u>	Exhibition Center & <u>Stadium</u>	Student Achievement <u>Account</u>	School Construction <u>Account</u>	Problem Gambling <u>Account</u>	Economic Development <u>Account</u>	Opportunity Pathways <u>Account</u>	Veteran's VIP <u>Account</u>	Education Legacy Trust <u>Account</u>	Gambling Revolving <u>Account</u>
2004	113.3	0.0	4.0	7.3	76.5	25.5			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2005	112.2	4.3	4.2	7.6	0.0	96.2			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2003-05 Biennium	225.6	4.3	8.2	14.9	76.5	121.7			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2006	125.1	1.9	4.4	7.9	0.0	107.8	0.2	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2007	120.6	7.6	4.5	8.2	0.0	97.0	0.3	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2005-07 Biennium	245.7	9.5	8.9	16.1	0.0	204.8	0.4	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2008	124.1	0.0	4.7	8.5	0.0	106.9	0.3	3.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2009	122.2	11.1	4.9	8.9	0.0	94.4	0.2	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2007-09 Biennium	246.4	11.1	9.6	17.4	0.0	201.3	0.5	6.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2010	129.4	12.9	5.1	9.2	0.0	97.4	0.3	4.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2011	138.2	7.0	5.3	9.6	0.0	0.0	0.3	3.7	112.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
2009-11 Biennium	267.6	19.9	10.4	18.8	0.0	97.4	0.5	8.3	112.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
2012	138.0	0.0	2.7	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	3.0	121.8	0.2	0.0	0.0
2013	139.2	9.3	0.0	10.4	0.0	0.0	0.3	3.6	115.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
2011-13 Biennium	277.2	9.3	2.7	20.4	0.0	0.0	0.6	6.6	237.4	0.2	0.0	0.0
2014	147.7	0.6	0.0	10.8	0.0	0.0	0.3	4.0	121.9	0.0	10.1	0.0
2015	141.3	0.0	0.0	11.2	0.0	0.0	0.3	4.7	119.0	0.0	6.1	0.0
2013-15 Biennium	288.9	0.6	0.0	22.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	8.7	240.9	0.0	16.1	0.0
2016	172.5	28.6	0.0	11.7	0.0	0.0	0.3	3.0	128.4	0.0	0.0	0.5
2017	157.0	13.8	0.0	12.2	0.0	0.0	0.3	3.8	126.4	0.0	0.0	0.5
2015-17 Biennium	329.5	42.3	0.0	23.8	0.0	0.0	0.7	6.8	254.8	0.0	0.0	1.0
2018	160.4	17.3	0.0	12.6	0.0	0.0	0.3	3.8	125.8	0.0	0.0	0.5
2019	163.0	19.3	0.0	13.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	3.8	125.9	0.0	0.0	0.5
2017-19 Biennium	323.4	36.7	0.0	25.8	0.0	0.0	0.7	7.6	251.7	0.0	0.0	1.0
2020	165.6	21.4	0.0	13.7	0.0	0.0	0.3	3.8	125.9	0.0	0.0	0.5
2021	167.8	22.7	0.0	14.2	0.0	0.0	0.3	3.8	126.2	0.0	0.0	0.5
2019-21 Biennium	333.4	44.1	0.0	27.9	0.0	0.0	0.7	7.6	252.1	0.0	0.0	1.0

^{*} Total Transfers are equal to total sales less total expenses (prizes, cost of sales, administration etc.)

Source: Lottery Commission, ERFC

	2016Q1	2016Q2	2016Q3	2016Q4
Real GDP (Billions of 200	9 Dollars)			
June Forecast	16,505	16,588	16,681	16,782
Percent Change	0.8%	2.0%	2.3%	2.4%
February Forecast	16,532	16,638	16,744	16,849
Percent Change	2.2%	2.6%	2.6%	2.5%
Real Consumption (Billion	ns of 2009 Dollar	s)		
June Forecast	11,384	11,459	11,532	11,605
Percent Change	1.9%	2.6%	2.6%	2.5%
February Forecast	11,395	11,472	11,549	11,625
Percent Change	2.6%	2.7%	2.7%	2.7%
Implicit Price Deflator, PC	CE (2009=1.00)			
June Forecast	1.099	1.105	1.110	1.117
Percent Change	0.3%	2.3%	1.6%	2.5%
February Forecast	1.098	1.100	1.103	1.108
Percent Change	0.0%	0.7%	1.2%	2.0%
Real Personal Income (Bi	llions of 2009 Do	llars)		
June Forecast	14,324	14,375	14,442	14,500
Percent Change	3.4%	1.4%	1.9%	1.6%
February Forecast	14,345	14,404	14,487	14,563
Percent Change	3.7%	1.6%	2.3%	2.1%
, and the second		1.070	2.570	2.170
Nonfarm Payroll Employn	• •			
June Forecast	143.5	144.0	144.3	145.0
Percent Change	1.9%	1.2%	1.1%	1.9%
February Forecast	143.5	144.1	144.5	144.9
Percent Change	1.8%	1.7%	1.2%	1.1%
Unemployment Rate (Per	cent of Labor For	ce)		
June Forecast	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.7
February Forecast	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8
30 Year Fixed Mortgage R	late (Percent, av	erage)		
June Forecast	3.7	3.6	3.7	4.0
February Forecast	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.2
•				112
3 Month T-Bill Rate (Perc	ent, average)			
June Forecast	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5
February Forecast	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.7

Washington	Forecast	Comparison
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	2016Q1	2016Q2	2016Q3	2016Q4
Real Personal Income (Billion	s of 2009 Do	llars)		
June Forecast	343.0	344.6	345.7	346.6
Percent Change	5.3%	1.8%	1.4%	0.9%
February Forecast	347.4	348.4	350.2	351.1
Percent Change	7.2%	1.1%	2.1%	1.0%
Personal Income (Billions of I	Dollars)			
June Forecast	377.1	380.9	383.7	387.0
Percent Change	5.6%	4.1%	2.9%	3.4%
February Forecast	381.4	383.1	386.2	389.1
Percent Change	7.2%	1.8%	3.3%	3.1%
Nonfarm Payroll Employment	(Thousands))		
June Forecast	3199	3215	3223	3239
Percent Change	3.6%	2.0%	1.0%	2.0%
February Forecast	3205	3218	3227	3238
Percent Change	2.7%	1.6%	1.2%	1.3%
Unemployment Rate (Percent	of Labor For	ce)		
June Forecast	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.6
February Forecast	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.3
•		5.1	3.3	3.3
Manufacturing Employment (-			
June Forecast	288.0	286.8	282.9	284.1
Percent Change	-0.5%	-1.7%	-5.4%	1.8%
February Forecast	288.2	287.5	286.5	287.1
Percent Change	0.6%	-0.9%	-1.4%	0.8%
Construction Employment (Th	ousands)			
June Forecast	181.7	182.5	183.4	184.4
Percent Change	16.9%	1.9%	1.9%	2.2%
February Forecast	177.0	176.5	176.8	177.6
Percent Change	8.4%	-1.2%	0.8%	1.8%
Housing Permits (Thousands)				
June Forecast	37.6	42.6	41.0	41.2
Percent Change	-8.0%	65.8%	-14.3%	1.5%
		20.0	38.3	39.6
February Forecast	37.4	38.0	50.5	39.0

June 2016 Alternative Forecasts Millions of Dollars		Cash Basis
2015-17 Biennium		
	2015-17 <u>Biennium</u>	Difference From the June 2016 Baseline
June 2016 Baseline (55%)	\$37,431	
June 2016 Alternative Forecasts		
Optimistic (15%)	\$38,703	\$1,273
Pessimistic (30%)	\$36,202	(\$1,229)
Probability Weighted Average	\$37,253	(\$178)
GCEA*	\$37,328	(\$103)
2017-19 Biennium		
	2017-19 <u>Biennium</u>	Difference From the June 2016 Baseline
June 2016 Baseline (55%)	\$40,252	
June 2016 Alternative Forecasts		
Optimistic (15%)	\$43,733	\$3,481
Pessimistic (30%)	\$36,879	(\$3,372)
Probability Weighted Average	\$39,762	(\$490)
GCEA*	\$39,655	(\$596)

^{*} Based on the Governor's Council of Economic Advisors Assumptions.

Governor's	Council	of Economic	Advicor's	Forecast
Governor s	Councii	ot Economic	AUVISOR S	Forecast

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	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
<u>u.s.</u>						
Real GDP						
Growth						
ERFC	1.8	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.1
GCEA Average	1.8	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Real Consumption						
Growth						
ERFC	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.2
GCEA Average	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2
Implicit Price Deflator, PCE						
Growth						
ERFC	1.2	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
GCEA Average	1.1	1.6	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0
Mortgage Rate						
Percent						
ERFC	3.8	4.2	4.9	5.7	5.7	5.6
GCEA Average	3.9	4.1	4.3	4.4	4.6	4.8
Oil Price (Brent)						
Dollars per barrel						
ERFC	46.4	53.9	55.4	57.0	58.7	60.4
GCEA Average	44.3	49.6	52.1	53.9	55.8	57.0

Washington State

Real	Personal	Income
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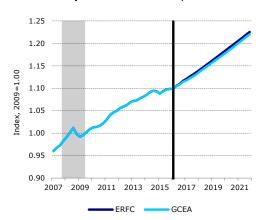
Growth						
ERFC	2.9	2.6	3.1	3.2	3.1	3.0
GCEA Average	2.9	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.7
Wage and Salary Employment						
Growth						
ERFC	2.4	1.6	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.0
GCEA Average	2.3	1.5	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1
Manufacturing Employment						
Growth						
ERFC	-1.7	-0.3	-0.1	0.4	0.8	1.0
GCEA Average	-1.2	-0.5	-0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Construction Employment						
Growth						
ERFC	5.6	2.7	3.8	2.9	2.1	1.2
GCEA Average	5.1	1.8	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5
Housing Permits						
Thousands of authorized units						
ERFC	40.6	42.5	44.0	44.1	44.4	44.3
GCEA Average	39.6	41.3	41.2	42.1	42.4	42.6
Washington Average Annual Wage						
Growth						
ERFC	2.3	2.9	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.4
GCEA Average	2.1	2.9	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2

U.S. Forecast Comparison

Real GDP 19,000 18,500 18,000 17,500 16,500 16,000 15,500 14,500 14,500 14,000 2007 2009 2011 2013 2015 2017 2019 2021

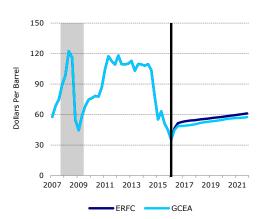
Source: BEA, ERFC, GCEA; data through 2016 Q1

Implicit Price Deflator, PCE



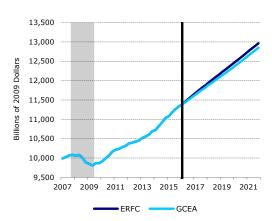
Source: BEA, ERFC, GCEA; data through 2016 Q1

Brent Oil Price



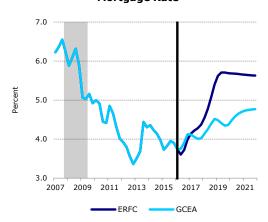
Source: EIA, ERFC, GCEA; data through 2016 Q1

Real Consumption



Source: BEA, ERFC, GCEA; data through 2016 Q1

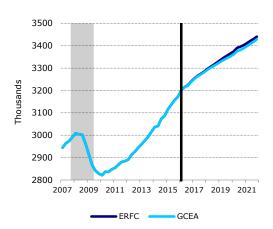
Mortgage Rate



Source: Freddie Mac, ERFC, GCEA; data through 2016 Q1

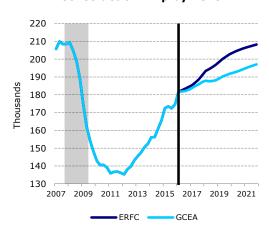
Washington Forecast Comparison

Nonfarm Payroll Employment



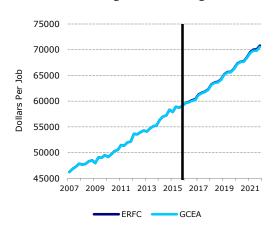
Source: ESD, ERFC, GCEA; data through 2016 Q1

Construction Employment



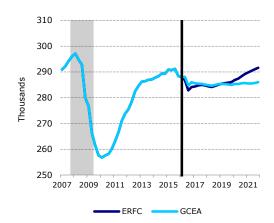
Source: ESD, ERFC, GCEA; data through 2016 Q1

Average Annual Wage



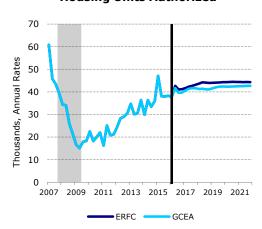
Source: BEA, ERFC, GCEA; data through 2015 Q4

Manufacturing Employment



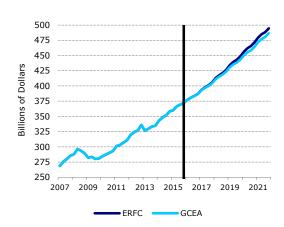
Source: ESD, ERFC, GCEA; data through 2016 Q1

Housing Units Authorized



Source: Census, ERFC, GCEA; data through 2016 Q1 $\,$

Personal Income



Source: BEA, ERFC, GCEA; data through 2015 Q4

Revenue Legislation Affecting General Fund-State Revenues Passed in the 2016 Regular and First Special Legislative Session (Revenues in millions \$)											
GF-S Revenue									Revenue		
ID	Description	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	BI 2015-17	BI 2017-19	BI 2019-21	Source
E3SHB 1713	Mental health, chem dependency	-	(1.900)	(2.294)	(2.294)	(1.200)	-	(1.900)	(4.588)	(1.200)	B&O Tax
SHB 2539	Real estate tax/inheritance	-	(0.033)	(0.037)	(0.038)	(0.038)	(0.039)	(0.033)	(0.075)	(0.077)	Real Estate Excise Tax
ESHB 2540	Annual tax surveys & reports	-	(0.602)	(0.330)	(0.330)	(0.330)	(0.330)	(0.602)	(0.660)	(0.660)	B&O Tax and Retail Sales Tax
SSB 5864	Annexed areas/sales & use tax	-	-	-	(2.725)	(2.725)	(2.725)	-	(2.725)	(5.450)	Retail Sales Tax
ESSB 6328	Vapor products	-	0.078	0.104	0.104	0.104	0.104	0.078	0.209	0.209	OTP; Licenses fees, penalties
HB 2376	Supplemental Budget	(2.852)	(2.548)	-	-	-	-	(5.400)	-	-	Various
Total GF-S F	Total GF-S Revenue Impact (2.852) (5.005) (2.557) (5.283) (4.189) (2.990) (7.857) (7.839) (7.178)										

Source: Department of Revenue, 2016

2015-17 Enacted Budget Balance Sheet

General Fund-State (GFS), Education Legacy Trust Account (ELTA),
Opportunity Pathways Account (OPA) and Budget Stabilization Account
Dollars in Millions

	2015-17			
		ELTA and		
	GFS	OPA	TOTAL	
RESOURCES				
Beginning Fund Balance	990.9	20.3	1,011.2	
February 2016 Revenue Forecast	37,137.3	700.2	37,837.4	
June 2016 Change	298.1	14.7	312.7	
Current Revenue Totals	37,435.3	714.8	38,150.168	
Transfer to Budget Stabilization Account (BSA)	(372.3)		(372.3)	
Extraordinary Revenue Growth transfer to BSA	(63.5)		(63.5)	
Extraordinary Revenue Transfer back from BSA	63.5		63.5	
Previously Enacted Fund Transfers	178.0	-	178.0	
Prior Period Adjustments	40.8		40.8	
2016 Legislative Session				
Fund transfers	29.4	-	29.4	
AG Lawsuit Settlements-Consumer protection	3.3		3.3	
Legislation	(2.5)		(2.5)	
Budget driven revenue	40.7	0.1	40.8	
Impact of Governor's Vetoes and Lapses	(46.1)		(46.1)	
Total Resources (including beginning fund balance)	38,297.6	735.2	39,032.8	
EXPENDITURES				
Enacted 2015-17 Budget	37,507.3	711.9	38,219.2	
2016 Supplemental Budget	203.7	(12.8)	190.9	
Governor Vetoes	43.5	-	43.5	
Assumed Reversions	(207.2)	-	(207.2)	
Total Expenditures	37,547.2	699.1	38,246.310	
RESERVES				
Projected Ending GFS, ELTA & OPA Balances	750.4	36.1	786.5	
Budget Stabilization Account				
Budget Stabilization Account Beginning Balance	513.1		513.1	
Transfer from General Fund and Interest Earnings	440.7		440.7	
Appropriation for fires	(189.5)		(189.5)	
Transfer to General Fund (Extraordinary Revenue)	(63.5)		(63.5)	
Projected Budget Stabilization Account Ending Balance	700.7		700.7	
Total Reserves (Including Budget Stabilization)	1,451.1	36.1	1,487.2	